

Reg. No
Name

# B.A. DEGREE (C.B.C.S.S.) EXAMINATION, SEPTEMBER 2024

### Sixth Semester

B.A. Economics (Model I and Model II)

Core Course—DEVELOPMENT ISSUES OF THE INDIAN ECONOMY

(Prior to 2013 Admissions)

Time : Three Hours Maximum Weight : 25

Answers may be written either in English or in Malayalam.

# Part A (Objective Type Questions)

Answer all questions.

	Each bunch of four questions carries a weight of 1.							
I.	Cho	oose the	e correct alphabet only:					
	1	Share	was ———.					
		(a)	20 %.	(b)	13.6 %.			
		(c)	30 %.	(d)	None of these.			
	2 Agriculture development strategy was the focus of ———.							
		(a)	I <sup>st</sup> plan.	(b)	II <sup>nd</sup> Plan.			
		(c)	III <sup>rd</sup> Plan.	(d)	IV <sup>th</sup> Plan.			
	3 National Seeds Corporation was set up in ———.							
		(a)	1963.	(b)	1966.			
		(c)	1971.	(d)	1991.			
	4 According to Amartya Sen with the increase in farm size, the profitability in agricultu							
			<del></del> .					
		(a)	Decreases.	(b)	Increases.			
		(c)	No change.	(d)	None of these.			

Turn over





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II.	5	According to 1948 Industrial Policy Production of arms were under the complete control of				
		(a)	Central Government.	(b)	State Government.	
		(c)	Private Sector.	(d)	None of these.	
	6	was:				
		(a)	Large Scale industry.	(b)	Small Scale industry.	
		(c)	Medium Scale industry.	(d)	None of these.	
	7	7 One of the reasons for disinvestment of Public Sector is ———.				
		(a)	Mounting loss.	(b)	To support public expenditure.	
		(c)	Lack of modernisation.	(d)	None of these.	
	8	n <del></del> .				
		(a)	Consolidated fund.	(b)	Divisible pool.	
		(c)	Disaster management fund.	(d)	None of these.	
III.	9	Imports which enlarge capacity in the other lines of production is called ———————————————————————————————————				
		(a)	Compulsory.	(b)	Developmental.	
		(c)	Subsidiary.	(d)	None of these.	
	10	10 Which one is not the member of OPEC ———.				
		(a)	Iran.	(b)	Saudi Arabia.	
		(c)	UAE.	(d)	Russia.	
	11	11 India's Balance of Payment has chronically been ———.				
		(a)	Favourable.	(b)	Unfavourable.	
		(c)	Balanced.	(d)	None of these.	
	12	OGL s	stands for ———.			
		(a)	Other General License.	(b)	Open General License.	
		(c)	On General License.	(d)	None of these.	





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IV.	. 13 Kerala model of developments is known as ————.						
		(a)	Development without growth.	(b)	Growth without development.		
		(c)	Social development.	(d)	None of these.		
	14 What is the main reason for unemployment in Kerala———.						
		(a)	Government Policy.	(b)	Lack of economic development.		
		(c)	High Population.	(d)	None of these.		
	15	Keral	<del></del> .				
		(a)	Land resources.	(b)	Water resources.		
		(c)	Mineral resources.	(d)	None of these		
	16	The s	uccess of decentralised planning	erala is ———.			
		(a)	Literacy.	(b)	Government Policy.		
		(c)	High Population.	(d)	None of these.		
						$(4 \times 1 = 4)$	
Part B (Short Answer Questions)							
Answer any <b>five</b> questions not exceeding 50 words each.  Each question carries a weight of 1.							
	17 Agricultural Production and productivity.						
	1 Q	Zomir	odori Systom				

- 18 Zamindari System.
- 19 Rural Credit.
- 20 FERA.
- 21 Public Sector.
- 22 Small Scale Industry.
- 23 Composition of foreign trade.
- 24 Change in cropping pattern in Kerala.

 $(5 \times 1 = 5)$ 

Turn over





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### Part C (Short Essays)

Answer any **four** questions not exceeding 150 words each. Each question carries a weight of 2.

- 25 Factors responsible for Green Revolution in India.
- 26 Importance of unorganised sector in rural credit.
- 27 Main features of 1956 Industrial Policy.
- 28 Importance of Cottage Industry.
- 29 Changes in Composition of India's foreign trade.
- 30 Causes of agricultural indebtedness in Kerala.

 $(4 \times 2 = 8)$ 

### Part D (Long Essays)

Answer any **two** questions not exceeding 450 words each.

Each question carries a weight of 4.

- 31 Examine the impacts of economic reforms on Indian agriculture.
- 32 Examine the role and importance of services sectors in India.
- 33 Explain the problems and prospectus of I.T. sector in Kerala.

 $(2 \times 4 = 8)$ 

