



Maximum Weight: 5

Section II

[TO BE ATTACHED TO THE MAIN ANSWER-BOOK]

UG CBCSS INTERNAL EXAMINATION, MAY 2024

DO NOT WRITE YOUR REGISTER NUMBER OR NAME ANYWHERE IN SECTION II OF THE QUESTION PAPER

Answer all questions. All questions carry equal weight.							
Put a tick mark $[\checkmark]$ in the column against the correct answer.							
1.	. Collective responsibility is a feature of ———————————————————————————————————						
	(A)	Military.		(B)	Presidential.		
	(C)	Authoritarian.		(D)	Parliamentary.		
2.	Which of the following is not a Republic ?						
	(A)	India.		(B)	USA.		
	(C)	England.		(D)	France.		
3.	Division of powers between the centre and the states is an essential feature of					of ———	
	govern	ment.					
	(A)	Presidential.		(B)	Parliamentary.		
	(C)	Federal.		(D)	Unitary.		
4.	Which theory believes in 'aggressive nationalism' and imperialist warfare ?						
	(A)	Marxism.		(B)	Fascism.		
	(C)	Liberalism.		(D)	Individualism.		
5.	The theory of Surplus Value is associated with ———.						
	(A)	Karl Marx.		(B)	Adam Smith.		
	(C)	Joseph Stalin.		(D)	M.N. Roy.		

Turn over





6.	Who is an advocate of Historical Approach ?					
	(A)	Coleman.		(B)	Henry Maine.	
	(C)	Laswell.		(D)	Apter.	
7.	Unican	neralism can be seen in —		 .		
	(A)	India.		(B)	USA.	
	(C)	UK.		(D)	China.	
8.	Which	Article of Indian Constitution	on prot	ects the R	ight to Life and Liberty?	
	(A)	Article 14.		(B)	Article 19.	
	(C)	Article 21.		(D)	Article 32.	
9.	Who be	elieves that the state is an As	ssociat	es of Asso	ciations?	
	(A)	Pluralists.		(B)	Federalists.	
	(C)	Socialists.		(D)	Anarchists.	
10.	Author	of Modern Political Analysi	 s.			
	(A)	David Easton.		(B)	Robert Dahl.	
	(C)	Graham Wallas.		(D)	Lucian Pye.	\Box
11.	Who sa	id "State is the politically or	ganise	es people o	f a definite territory"?	
	(A)	Bagehot.		(B)	Garner.	
	(C)	Woodrow Wilson.		(D)	Bluntschli.	
12.	Admini	istrative Law is practised in	. —			
	(A)	India.		(B)	USA.	
	(C)	France.		(D)	China.	
13.	Who wa	as the first proponent of scie	ntific s	study of Po	olitics?	
	(A)	Charles Mersian.		(B)	Harold Laswell.	
	(C)	George Catlin.		(D)	Arthur Bentley.	





14.	Politics is "the study of shaping and sharing of Power". Who said?					
	(A)	George H. Sabine.		(B)	Robert Dahl.	
	(C)	Harold Laswell.		(D)	Lipset.	
15.	Whose	work is 'State and Revolut	ion'?			
	(A)	Marx.		(B)	Lenin.	
	(C)	Mussolini.		(D)	Stalin.	
16.	Who de	efined Sovereignty as the "a	absolute and	l perp	petual power of commanding i	n a state"?
	(A)	Garner.		(B)	Green.	
	(C)	Hobbes.		(D)	Bodin.	
17.	Whose	work is "Grammar of Politi	cs'?			
	(A)	John Austin.				
	(B)	Jean Bodin.				
	(C)	Harold Laski.				
	(D)	John Locke.				
18.	Locke l	nas used his Social Contrac	t theory to	Justif	ÿ ———.	
	(A)	Liberal Democratic State.				
	(B)	Political Obligation.				
	(C)	Supremacy of the Judicia	l Organs.			
	(D)	Absolute loyalty for citize	ns of the Sta	ate.		

Turn over





19. Gerrymandering is associated with ————.					
	(A)	Secret Ballot.			
	(B)	Delimitation of Constituencies.			
	(C)	Multi Member Constituencies.`			
	(D)	In direct elections.			
20.	Who de	escribed the Indian Constitution as a unitary state with subsidiary federal features?			
	(A)	Ivor Jennings. (B) B.R. Ambedkar.			
	(C)	Jawaharlal Nehru. (D) K.C. Wheare.			
No. of MCQs attempted Weight Scored (To be entered by the examiner)					
No. of MCQs not attempted					

ATTACH SECTION II INTERNAL EXAMINATION MCQ PAPER WITH THE MAIN ANSWER-BOOK

