



Maximum Weight: 5

#### Section II

### [TO BE ATTACHED TO THE MAIN ANSWER-BOOK]

### U.G. CBCSS INTERNAL EXAMINATION, MAY 2024

# DO NOT WRITE YOUR REGISTER NUMBER OR NAME ANYWHERE IN SECTION II OF THE QUESTION PAPER

## Answer all questions. All questions carry equal weight. Put a tick mark $[\checkmark]$ in the column against the correct answer. 1. Which one of the following is not an example of a joint venture : (B) Assembling. (A) Licensing. (C) Contract manufacturing. (D) Jointly controlled operation. 2. A legal or economic term that means insolvency or inability to pay one's debts: (B) Bad debts. Bankruptcy. (C) Sickness. (D) Capital rationing. 3. An industry that in comparison to other industries requires large investments of capital per Rupee of sales/production is: (A) Labour intensive (B) Capital intensive. (C) Futuristic. (D) Traditional. 4. Critical path is the — path of completing a project : (A) Shortest. (B) Earliest. (C) Longest. (D) Easiest.

Turn over





5.	The amount of profit for a given period returned to the contributor of capital is:							
	(A)	Bonus.		(B)	Dividend.			
	(C)	Rights.		(D)	Return.			
6.	$Activity \ or \ development \ in \ a \ firm \ that \ result \ in \ the \ adoption \ of \ a \ new \ product, \ business \ or \ way \ of$							
	doing t	hings:						
	(A)	Development.		(B)	Innovation.			
	(C)	Growth.		(D)	Value chain management.			
7.	It is ad	visable to accept a project i	f NPV is:					
	(A)	+'ve.		(B)	– 've.			
	(C)	Zero.		(D)	None.			
8.	———— is the process of contracting with foreign firms, granting to them proprietary rights							
			ademarks	or spe	cific products or services own	ned by domestic		
	compar	11es:						
	(A)	Joint venture.		(B)	Franchising.			
	(C)	Overseas subsidiary.		(D)	Licensing.			
9.	EOU stands for :							
	(A) Entrepreneurship Owned Units.							
	(B)	Export Oriented Units.						
	(C)	Exchange Of Uses.						
	(D)	Export OF Utilities.						
10. The stage of organisation development that occurs when firms begin to enter new unrelated to their previous ventures is known as:						new business of		
	(A)	Conglomerates.		(B)	Joint ventures.			
	(C)	Subsidiaries.		(D)	Holding companies.			





11.	A proje	ct life cycle consists of emer	gence, trans	sition	, ——— and decline.	
	(A)	Maturity.		(B)	Growth.	
	(C)	Entry.		(D)	Exit.	
12.	Which one of the following is not a quality of a successful entrepreneur?					
	(A)	Vision.		(B)	Risk averting.	
	(C)	Will power.		(D)	Flexibility.	
13.	Which	one of the following is not a	barrier to e	entrej	oreneurship?	
	(A)	Social stigma.		(B)	Patent inhibition.	
	(C)	Supplier assistance.		(D)	Time pressure.	
14.	District Industries Centres (DICs) were set up under which Industrial Policy Statement?					
	(A)	1956.		(B)	1966.	
	(C)	1977.		(D)	1980.	
15.	Apex body co-ordinating agencies in small scale sector is:					
	(A)	SIDBI.		(B)	NIESBUD.	
	(C)	DIC.		(D)	SISI.	
16.	Which one of the following is not a time estimate under PERT?					
	(A)	Most likely.		(B)	Optimistic.	
	(C)	Pessimistic.		(D)	Most unlikely.	

Turn over





17.	The du	duration required to make the entrepreneur fully operational is:						
	(A)	Gestation.		(B)	Payback.			
	(C)	Breakeven.		(D)	Incubation.			
18.	If average annual cash flow is Rs. 20,000 and initial outlay of a project is Rs. 80,000, What is payback period?							
	(A)	4 years.		(B)	2 years.			
	(C)	8 months.		(D)	4 months.			
19.	19. Sickness is not characterised by:							
	(A)	Negative net worth.						
	(B)	Negative net working c	eapital.					
	(C)	Negative employee turn	nover.					
	(D)	Negative growth rate.						
20. The activities which are to be started at the same time are known as ———— activities.								
	(A)	Preceding.		(B)	Succeeding.			
	(C)	Terminal.		(D)	Concurrent.			
No. of	MCQs at	ttempted	(To be		eight Scored red by the examiner)			
No. of	MCQs n	ot attempted						

ATTACH SECTION II INTERNAL EXAMINATION MCQ PAPER WITH THE MAIN ANSWER-BOOK

